Carbon Market Compliance and Strategy

A Market Participants Perspective



About us



Enbridge is a first-choice energy provider.



Liquids pipelines

- World's longest, most complex transportation system
- 29,104 km/18,085 mi. of pipe
- Moving ~5.8 million barrels/day

Transports ~30%

of crude oil produced
in North America



Natural gas pipelines

• 116,761* km/72,552* mi. of pipe

Delivers ~20%

of the natural gas consumed in the U.S.

- Moving 24.6 Bcf/day
- Enough natural gas for >170M people



Natural gas utilities

- 178,002 km/110,606 mi. of pipe
- Delivering energy for 175 years
- Over 7,000 valued employees



Renewable power

- 39 renewable power facilities
- 5,261 MW generating capacity
- Committed more than US\$7 billion (C\$10 billion) since 2002

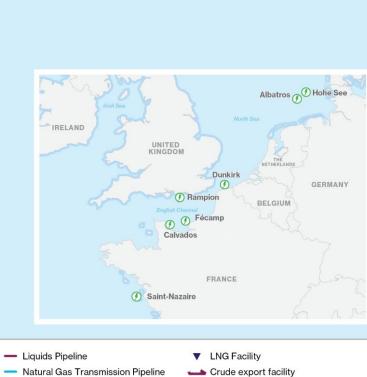
customers in Canada and the U.S.

Delivering to

7 million

1,137,227**
homes powered by our assets







- Natural Gas Gathering Pipeline
- Natural Gas Liquids Pipeline
- Transmission Line
- Orude Storage or Terminal
- Gas Storage Facility
- NGL Storage Facility

- Rail Terminal
- Renewable Energy
- △ Gas Processing Plant
- Gas Distribution Service Territory
- Affiliated Gas Distribution Territory



How We're Regulated





Consumer-Based Tax





Output-Based Pricing System









Cap-and-Trade





Methane Regulations



Leveraging Carbon Markets





Alberta Solar One

- 10.5-MW facility co-developed with Morgan Solar
- TIER credits remitted for Edmonton Power Generation Facility (20-MW)



NRGreen Heat Recovery Facilities

- Waste heat units built at Alliance Pipeline compressor stations (AB/SK)
- TIER credits remitted for natural-gas fired compressor stations

NOTE: Enbridge's 50% ownership in Alliance sold to Pembina Pipelines on April 1, 2024.

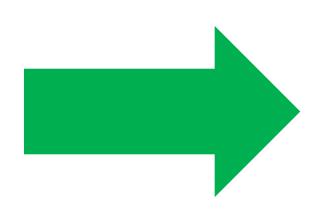


Renewable Natural Gas (RNG)

- RNG combusted by natural gas-fired compressors can reduce emissions below performance threshold
- Ontario Environmental Performance Units (EPU) would be generated

Leveraging Carbon Markets





Tailwinds

- Regulatory-based market-mechanisms provide compliance optionality
- Facilitate mobilization of capital into clean technology and innovation
- Carbon credits can be remitted, banked or sold



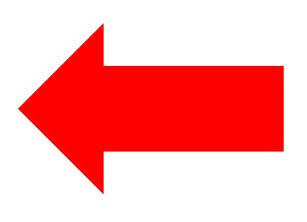
- Enbridge Gas generates Clean Fuel Regulation credits by displacing diesel with compressed natural gas in heavy-duty transport
- Established a network of refueling stations along Hwy 401 and looking to expand to supply hydrogen and RNG

Headwinds

- Lack of regulatory certainty and policy durability (stringency and pricing)
- Inability to forecast carbon credit supply and demand
- Lack of fungibility between markets



Proposed Open Access Wabamun Carbon Hub requires stable regulatory environment to maintain robust supply/demand dynamics for TIER credits along with a predictable carbon price.



Supporting Industrial Decarbonization



Enbridge is a diversified energy company which provides us with unique expertise on developing and operating projects to support decarbonization including:

- Fuel switching (to natural gas)
- Carbon Capture, Sequestration and Storage
- Clean Hydrogen
- Renewable Natural Gas
- Renewable Electricity (Solar, Wind)

Hydrogen Electrolyzer (Markham)

- Power to Gas Unit produces green hydrogen
- Established in 2018 with Cummins
- H2 blended with conventional natural gas for ~3,000 customers (pilot project)
- Reduces Scope 1 GHG emissions
- Provides energy storage

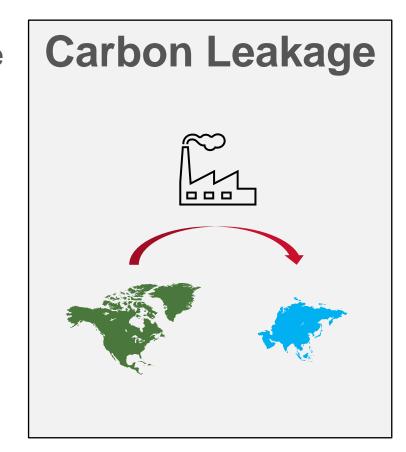




Carbon Competitiveness



- As a single bloc, North America's competitive advantage is based on:
 - Low-cost energy supply;
 - Deeply integrated supply chains and labour markets;
 and,
 - Technology to reduce global greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions.
- Emerging focus on lifecycle GHG emissions
- European Union (EU) Carbon Border Adjustment
 Mechanism (CBAM) targeting highly carbon-intensive products including cement, steel and aluminum
- United States multiple bills have been introduced to establish a Border Carbon Adjustment mechanism



Summary



- Navigating Canada's multiple carbon markets present both challenges and opportunities.
- Investment in decarbonization rely on regulatory certainty and policy durability are essential for:
 - Cost-Benefit Analysis
 - Making Final Investment Decisions
 - Long-Term economic feasibility
- Increased linkage of carbon markets across Canada (and more broadly) will enhance fungibility and create stability for marginal cost of carbon
- Focus on North American Competitiveness